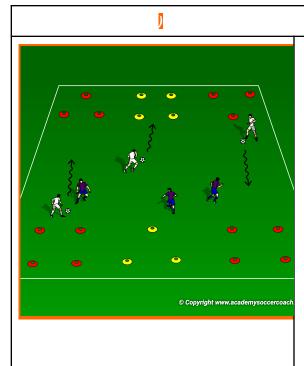
Spring 2024	GOAL:	Attacking 1v1 G2/						
Arlington soccert	PLAYER ACTIONS Be Positive and Brave with the ball at your feet. When progressed, the right decision of when to pass and dribble!						3	
	KEY QUALITIES	Drive at Speed and be unpredictable on the dribble!						
	MOMENT Attac		king	DURATION	96 minutes	PLAYERS	8-12	
SKILL ACQUISITION: Dribbling: Surface of the foot and ball, quality of the touch – Passing: Surface of the foot and ball, Pace and accuracy – Receiving: Body, position, surface of the foot and ball, first touch								
1 PLAY PHASE (Intentional Free Play)			DURATION: 20 min INTERVALS: 3 - ACTIVITY: 4 min REST: 1 min.					
			 OBJECTIVE: To pass or dribble past an opponent in order to move the ball into the attacking end zone to score a point PLAYER ACTIONS: Pass or dribble forward, Spread out ORGANIZATION: Divide your (25W x 35L) game field into two 15W x 25L with end zone either side of the field. Do these 5 yards from the end line. When practice is ready to start & as soon as 2 players arrive, start playing a game. The game can start as 1v1. As players arrive, the game becomes 2v1 then 2v2 up to 3v3. KEY WORDS: Play forward, find your teammate GUIDED QUESTIONS: If you see an opening in front of you, what should you do? When should you pass instead of dribble? ANSWERS: Play forward and to goal whenever possible. If all the openings in front of you are closed, pass to a teammate to see if they can find an opening forward. 					
© Copyright www.academysoccercoach.			NOTES: Encourage players to dribble to goal. At the first break, ask questions which generate thoughts about when to dribble. Second break, elicit answers from the same questions to determine the level of understanding from the players.					
© Copyright www.academysoccercoach.co.			 OBJECTIVE: To move the ball forward past the defender and score in the shape PLAYER ACTIONS: Dribble forward ORGANIZATION: In a 30Wx40L grid, separate players into pairs who will go against each other to 'protect' their shape. Players are tasked to dribble past each other and stop the ball in the opposing players 'shape'. In transition, if the 'defender' wins it back, the roles change and they are now tasked with stopping the ball in the shape. Players are locked into their columns and cannot leave their allocated zone. This makes it a directional game and will ensure more repetitions for the players. If a ball has been stopped in a 'shape' the player who stopped the ball inside, gets a point for themselves. The play resets when the other player gets the ball and the player who scored has retreated back to their shape. KEY WORDS: Dribble with their head up, find an opening, Dribble at speed, being creative and brave with the ball at your feet GUIDED QUESTIONS: Where can you go if the bandit is closing your opening to the goal? What are some ways you can beat a defender? Which part of your foot can you use to dribble forward? Will the same way of beating a defender beat them every time? ANSWERS: Towards space, Be open to dribbling with both feet and be capable of dribbling whilst changing speed, sides and directions. Use your laces by pointing your toe down, making a fist with your toe & use your laces to push the ball forward, don't be afraid to be unpredictable and creative in your dribble. Try new things, add a new way of beating a defender to you 'toolkit'. DURATION: 18 min INTERVALS: 9 - ACTIVITY: 90 sec REST: 30 sec. 					
LESS CHALLENGING: Shape Domination (More Space, no Columns)			DU	RATION: 18 mi	n INTERVALS:	9 - ACTIVITY: 90) sec REST: 3() sec.



OBJECTIVE: To dribble towards the shapes on the opposite side utilizing the space available.

PLAYER ACTIONS: Dribble forward, recognise open space

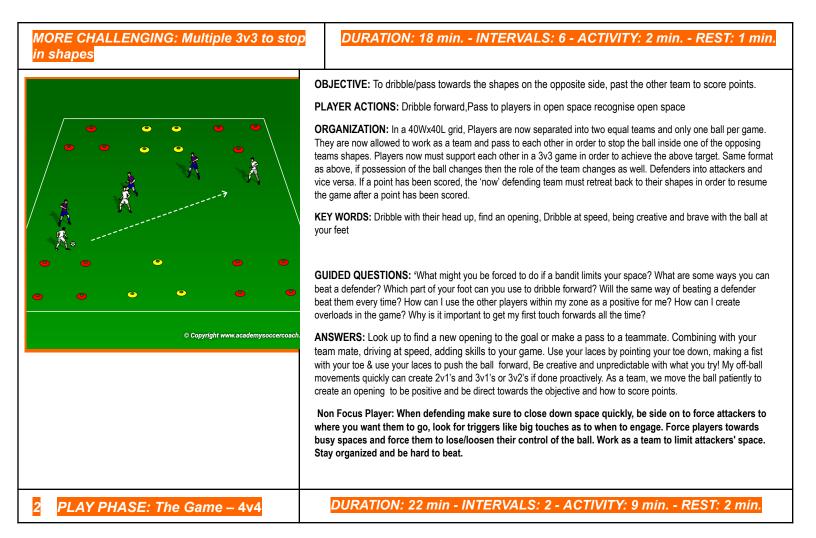
ORGANIZATION: In a 30Wx40L grid, separate players into pairs who will go against each other to 'protect' their shape. Players are tasked to dribble past each other and stop the ball in the opposing players 'shape'. In transition, if the 'defender' wins it back, the roles change and they are now tasked with stopping the ball in the shape. Players are now free to go to any shape within the area to give them more space and make it a multi-directional game. If a ball has been stopped in a 'shape' the player who stopped the ball inside, gets a point for themselves. The play resets when the other player gets the ball and the player who scored has retreated back to their shape.

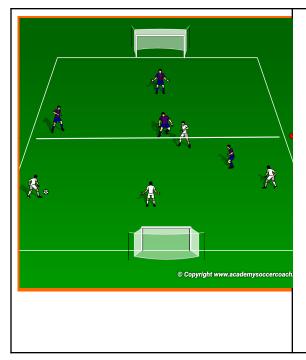
KEY WORDS: Dribble with their head up, find an opening, Dribble at speed, being creative and brave with the ball at your feet

GUIDED QUESTIONS: Where can you go if the bandit is closing your opening to the goal? What are some ways you can beat a defender? Which part of your foot can you use to dribble forward? Will the same way of beating a defender beat them every time? How can I use the other players within my zone as a positive for me.

ANSWERS: Look up to find a new opening to the goal. Be patient, dribble away from the bandit then pick a new route to the goal. Use your laces by pointing your toe down, making a fist with your toe & use your laces to push the ball forward, use them as 'traffic' to hinder the defenders movements.

Non Focus Player: When defending make sure to close down space quickly, be side on to force attackers to where you want them to go, look for triggers like big touches as to when to engage. Force players towards busy spaces and force them to lose/loosen their control of the ball.





OBJECTIVE: To pass or dribble past an opponent then score goals.

PLAYER ACTIONS: Pass or dribble forward, spread out

ORGANIZATION: In a 40Wx40L field & a small goal on each end line, play a 4v4 game with no goalkeepers. If the ball leaves the field, the coach can play another ball onto the field and the play continues. Progression - As the session is all about players being positive, you get double goals if all players cross the middle line as this shows they are all being brave and wanting to support attacking play.

KEY WORDS: Turn, open up, score goals, be positive and be brave

GUIDED QUESTIONS: Who should determine whether to pass, dribble or shoot? What can you do to help your teammate with the ball make that decision? What should you do if you see space available?

ANSWERS: The player with the ball should make that decision (coaches-it's important to allow the players the freedom to make their own decision.) If it is too crowded in front of your goal, spread out to provide your teammate with another option. Move into open space to offer a support option or to free up space! Drive into it and force a player to close you down to create space for team mates or for you to go into!

Non player: Be organized and hard to beat.In transition how quickly can we get up the field and utilize the free space.

FIVE ELEMENTS of TRAINING EXERCISE	TRAINING SESSION SELF-REFLECTION QUESTIONS		
1.Organized: Is the exercise organized in the right way?	1. How did you achieve your goals of the training		
2.Game like: Is the exercise game like?	session? 2. What did you do well? 3. What could you do better?		
3.Repetitions: Are there repetitions when looking at the overall goal of the session?			
4.Challenging: Are the players being challenged? (Is there the right balance between being successful and unsuccessful?)			
5.Coaching: Is there the proper coaching based on the age/level of the players?			